## XXI.—REPORT OF OPERATIONS AT THE UNITED STATES SAL-MON-HATCHING STATION ON THE M'CLOUD RIVER, CALI-FORNIA, DURING THE SEASON OF 1880.

## By LIVINGSTON STONE.

CHARLESTOWN, N. H., December 31, 1880.

Prof. SPENCER F. BAIRD,

United States Commissioner:

Sir: I beg leave to report as follows: I reached the McCloud River this year on the 22d of June and found everything at the salmon fishery in as good condition as could be expected after eight months exposure to the heat and cold, rains, snows, and droughts of a California mountain climate. The country looked beautifully, owing to the late spring rains. The McCloud River was still 18 inches above the usual summer level, and the water was unusually cold for the season, being only 53° against 570 of last year at the same time.

The salmon were more abundant than ever, the river seeming to be full of them. As an illustration of their abundance I mention the factthat on the 21st of July, before the rack or any obstruction had been put in the river, we caught 150 salmon at one haul of a very small net.

The piers of the last year's bridge remained in position in the river, though in a somewhat damaged condition. The current wheel and the flat-boats on which it rests had been drawn inshore during the high water by Mr. James A. Richardson, who had charge of the salmonhatching station through the winter. The wheel and boats had sustained Very little damage.

Our first labors this season consisted in doing the necessary whitewashing and painting, in caulking and pitching the flat-boats, and in putting the wheel in thorough repair. We next proceeded to build the usual rack and bridge across the McCloud River. My instructions being to take five or six million salmon this year, I did not hurry to get the badge in as early as usual. For the last two or three years the river has been bridged by the 4th of July. This year I did not close up the river to the salmon till the 1st of August.

Another change in regard to the bridge and rack this year consisted in using stakes split out from old-growth fir instead of the small round pine poles used hitherto. Poles are getting so scarce now in the vicinity of the fishery that we have had to go several miles for them the last two or three years, which was of course a great disadvantage.

[1]

saplings, also, the poles became weak and very brittle after one season's use, and could not be relied upon to do service more than one year, which was, of course, another disadvantage. By making the rack of fir stakes cut from old-growth trees we hope not only to save expense, but to make the rack wear a year or two longer than the former racks have done.

I cannot speak in too high terms of the character of the work which some of the Indians do for us. There are now nearly a dozen of them who have been with me, more or less, since I came to the McCloud River, who are splendid workers. They are faithful, steady, industrious, and very intelligent. During my first year here I gave all the Indians the same pay; now I discriminate between the best workers and the others, and give the higher class 25 or 50 cents a day more than the rest. This little addition to their pay, or probably the distinction which it implies, affects them perceptibly, and it becomes quite conspicuously a matter of pride with them to make their work correspond with their increased pay.

After the closing of the river to the ascending salmon was made secure beyond a doubt, we turned our attention more particularly to the special preparations for catching the salmon and putting everything about the place in satisfactory shape. The California climate is such that a great deal of whitewashing and painting, and that very often, is necessary to keep a place of this sort looking as it ought to. Then there are the necessary repairs incident upon keeping up a half a dozen buildings and the thousand and one things to be done to put flumes, hatching-troughs, trays, filtering tanks, &c., in order. Besides doing all these things we built a wagon road to the garden and another from the house to the stage road. The corrals were put in the river at the fishing ground, and the spawning-house built with its apparatus for taking sal-We also did a good deal of hard work on the river trail mon eggs. opposite the house. This narrow trail, which in the Eastern States, would be called a bridle-path, extends along a rough, rocky, and precipitous hillside for fifty rods or so, and was positively unsafe. I myself have seen a horse and rider fall headlong over the cliff just opposite The horse fell fifty feet down to the water's edge and our front door. was killed. The rider fell about 20 feet and was saved by being caught against a tree.

By some hard digging and by the free use of giant powder we converted the trail into a safe and easy path.

On the 20th of August we found the first ripe female salmon. To save the trouble of taking small lots at a time, I postponed the taking of eggs until a sufficient number of spawning salmon appeared to authorize the beginning of steady work. This occurred on Monday, August 30, when we began the season's regular fishing for spawning fish. We did not begin to take eggs, however, until the next day, when we inaugurated the spawning season by placing 130,000 salmon eggs in

[3]

the hatching house. From this time the taking of eggs proceeded with unusual steadiness until the night of the 14th of September, when we had taken 6,000,000 eggs, which was all that we wanted for the large hatching-house.

The men having worked for over two weeks, Sundays and all, we took a holiday on Thursday, September 16, which was passed in rifle shooting, ball-playing, boating matches, and the like. On the morning of September 17 we began fishing again for the small hatching house, but did not fish long, for we caught 167 spawning females at the first haul, and this being all that we wanted to keep in the corral through the day, we quit fishing until evening. In the evening we caught 108 more, and took a quarter of a million eggs. The next day we alternately fished and took spawn all day, taking three-quarters of a million eggs, which made one million in all for the supplementary hatching house, which, being all that were needed for that house and making seven millions eggs in all as this year's harvest, we hung up our net and stopped fishing and taking eggs for this season.

I depended entirely this year upon horses for pulling in the lower rope of the seine, and have no hesitation in recommending their use for this work. After the season's regular fishing begins it requires nine men to pull in the lower rope properly, and even with this force it does not come in always as steadily or as quickly as it ought to. With two horses only two men are needed at this rope, so that the expense of employing seven men is saved, against which you have only to offset the use of two horses.

From this time till we began to pack eggs for distribution to their various destinations the time was taken up in making packing-boxes and crates, in washing and picking over the moss used for packing, in gathering ferns, and in attending to the maturing of the eggs. One other thing we did during this time which must not be forgotten. This was putting up the telephone, a memorable event in this unsettled Indian country. The telephone material arrived Tuesday evening, September 28, and the next evening we were talking between headquarters and the post-office building. The Indians were in great glee over it, and were soon talking to each other over the wires. They have been in the habit of calling our hydraulic ram "mame debbil" (water devil) They call the telephone "teen klesch" (talking spirit).

On Friday, October 1, we packed and crated 2,200,000 eggs, on Saturday 800,000, and on Sunday morning 800,000 more, making 3,800,000 in all, occupying 76 packing-boxes and 38 crates. These were taken in wagons to Redding, Cal., where our stage road connects with the California Pacific Railroad, and where I had a car waiting for them with several tons of ice. The crates of eggs having been safely stored away in the car and the ice chambers filled with ice, the balance of the ice was placed on the tops of the crates, and the car shackled on the train which left Redding for Sacramento and the East early Monday morning,

October 4. I accompanied the car to Chicago, where I turned over the car and eggs in good order to Mr. Ellis and other representatives of the United States Fish Commission who were there to receive them.

Below will be found the following tables, viz:

- I. Table showing the temperature of air and water at the McCloud River station during the season of 1880.
- II. Table showing the number of fish, &c., caught at each haul of the seine during the season of 1880.
  - III. Table showing the daily number of salmon eggs taken.
  - IV. Table showing the distribution of the eggs.
- V. Table showing the actual planting of young California salmon hatched from eggs taken in 1878.

Table I.—Table of temperatures taken at the United States salmon-breeding station, McCloud River, California, during the season of 1880.

				-,		, uurti				····
		A:	ir.			Water.		Forest tempera- ture.	Wind.	Washlan
Month.	'	Shade.		Sun.	}			## # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #		Weather.
	7 a.m.	8 p. m.	7 p. m.	3 p.m.	7 a. m.	8 p, m.	7 p. m.	Fore	8 p. m.	
	•				0	0				
June 1		. <b></b> .				<b> </b>	<b> </b>			
June 2							- <b></b>		'	1
June 8			<b></b>							
June 4										
June 6										
June 7							. <b></b>		<b></b>	
June 8		<b>-</b>		·	ļ		- <b></b>	<b> </b>		ļ
June 9	· · · · · · ·									
June 10		· · · · · :		· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••••	1	·····	[;		
June 12										
June 18										
June 14							<b> </b>			
June 15		. <b></b> :		<b></b>					• • • • • •	
June 16	• • • • • • •		· • • • • • •	····	•••••					
June 17				••••••						
June 19										
June 20										
June 21			. <b></b>							
June 22	58	- <b></b> ::	70		52	· · · <u>- :</u> · · ·	54		••••	Clear.
June 23	58	90	70	112	52 54	53 54	56		· · · · · · ·	Do. Do.
June 24	57 58	87 88	.70	112 114	53	54	56		••••	Do.
June 25	62	94	76	116	54	55	56			Do.
June 27	64	95		118	54	56				Do.
June 28	62	90	72	115	54	54	56			Do.
June 29	54	92	71	116	54	53	56		• • • • • •	Do.
June 30	56	96	79	119	54	56 56	56 56		• • • • • • •	Do. Do.
July 1 July 2		96 98	79 75	122 122		. 56	56		•••••	Do.
July 8	63	100	77	124	54	57	56			Do.
July 4	69	94	79	120	54	56	57			Do.
July 5	56	94	75	118	55	57	57		· • • • • • •	Do.
July 6	58	93	75	114	54	58	57		• • • • • • •	Do.
July 7	58	93	79 76	118	55	58 58	¹ 58 58	•••••	•••••	.Do. Do.
July 8   July 9	62	91 93		117 116	55	57				Dø.
July 10	V4	81		116		56				Light clouds in p. m.
July 11	60	83	65	112	53	56	. 55			Clear.
July 12	65	94	72	116	53	- 50	56			Light clouds in a. m.
July 13	{7.80 } { 70 }	99		121	54	57				Clear.
July 14		104		126	- <b></b>	58				150° in sun reflected
July 15		107		132	. <b></b>	58			. <b></b>	Clear.
July 16	64	93		102	56	58				Decidedly cloudy near- ly all day.
July 17 July 18		100 97		128 122		58 59			·	Clear. Do.

Table I.—Table of temperatures taken at the United States salmon-breeding station, 50.—Continued.

					COH	иниви	•			
Month.		A Shade:	ir.	Sun.		Water.		t tempera- ture.	Wind	Weather.
	7 a.m.	3 p.m.	7 p.m.	3 p.m.	7 a. m.	3 p m.	7 p. m.	§	3 p. m	-
July 222 July 224 July 225 July 226 July 227 July 227 July 227 July 228 July 255 July 267 July 267 July 27 July 280 July	62 62 76 64 55 55 51 50 55 55 57 54 54 55 55 57 54 54 55 55 57 54 54 55 55 57 54 54 55 55 57 57 58 58 58 58 58 58 58 58 58 58 58 58 58	0 95 93 91 103 105 103 105 103 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105	57 58 59 59 59 59 57 58 77 78 75 77 77 77 77 77 77 77 77 77 77 77 77	0 121 119 122 123 124 123 129 110 1109 118 1110 115 110 115 110 115 110 115 116 112 116 112 116 112 117 114 104 105 107 118 117 114 104 105 107 118 118 117 114 106 112 118 117 114 106 112 118 117 114 106 112 118 117 114 106 112 118 117 114 106 112 118 110 118 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120	58 57 58 58 57 58 58 59 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50	0 558 559 650 650 658 558 558 558 558 558 558 558 558 558	57 58 59 59 59 59 59 59 59 59 59 59 59 59 59	49 50 49 45 47 40 48 47 40 49 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44	WSWSSCW.SWS. C.C. C.C. C. S.	Do. Cloudy. Clear. Light rain at night. Cloar. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do

Table II.—Record of salmon-seining operations conducted at United States salmon-breeding establishment on the McCloud River, California, from July 2, 1880, to September 18, 1880, inclusive, on account of the United States Fish Commission, by Livingston Stone.

		Tem ture	pera- of—	n of	n of	hanled gtb).	Fish t	aken.	Ripe	fish.
Date.	Hour.			Direction o	Condition sky.	d E		8		8
			te.	je je	pg a	len;	les	nal	los	ng,
	ļ	¥	Water.	Ā	ర	Seine (Jei	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females
	ļ					Feet.				
July 2 July 2	4.30 p. m		56	<b> </b>	Cleardo.	65	143	. 7	None.	None.
July 2 July 6	6.00 p.m	,	55 58		. do	65	8 10	2	None.	None. None.
July 6 July 6 July 6	4.00 p. m 5.00 p. m		57		do	65	2		None.	None.
July 8	6.00 p. m	]	57 57	· • • • • • • •	do	65 65	6 48	4	None.	None.
July 6	5.00 p. m 6.00 p. m 7.30 p. m 7.00 p. m 5.30 s. m 6.00 s. m		57		do	65	12	3	None.	None.
July 8	7.00 p.m	- <b></b> -	57 56		do	65 65	20	3 8	None. None.	None.
July 9	6.00 a.m		56		do	65	3		None.	None.
July 9	7.00 a. m		50		do	65	1 1		None. None.	None.
July 9 July 10	7.00 p.m 7.00 a.m 7.00 p.m		56 55		do	65 65	20	3	None.	None.
July 10 July 10	7.00 p. m		58 56		do	65	40	8	None.	None.
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	7.00 p. m 7.00 p. m 7.00 p. m 7.00 p. m		56 56	· · · · · · · ·	do do do do	65 65	3 20	1 8	None.	None.
July 13 July 14	7.00 p. m.		56 57		do	85 150	17	3	None.	None.
July 14 July 15	7.00 p.m	ļ	1 K7		do do do	150 150	700	6 62	None. None.	None.
July 15 July 18			57 58		do	150	700 70 40	8	None.	None.
July 18	7.80 p. m 7.80 p. m 7.80 p. m 7.80 p. m 7.00 p. m 6.00 p. m		58		do	150	40	1	None	None.
July 23 July 23	7.00 p. m		59	· • • • • • • •	do	150 150	70 100	4 2	None. None.	None.
July 26	6.00 p. m		58		do	150	400	25 2	None. None.	None.
July 30	5.80 p. m		57	- <b></b> -	do	150   150	18 20	2	None. None.	None.
July 31 Aug. 1	7.00 p. m.,		57		do	150	70	9	None.	None.
Āug. 2	7.00 p. m		56		do	150	20		None.	None.
Aug. 1	7.80 p.m		56		do	150 150	30 50	8	None. None.	None. None.
Aug. 4	7. 30 p. m		56		do	150	70	5	None.	None.
Aug. 5	7.00 p. m 7.30 p. m 7.00 p. m 7.30 p. m 7.30 p. m 7.25 p. m 9.30 p. m 9.30 p. m 10.10 p. m 11.00 p. m		57	· • • · · • • ·	do	150 150	50 80	2	None.	None.
Aug. 5	7.30 p. m		58		do	150	9	9	None.	None.
Aug. 28	7. 25 p. m	54	50		do	150	640	60	(*) (*)	13 1
Aug. 28	8.30 p. m 9.30 p. m	54 51	50		do	150 150	450 134	50 16	(*)	3
Aug. 28	10.10 p. m	51	50		do	150	130	20	3333	2
Aug. 28	11.00 p. m	47	50	- <b></b>	do	150 150	115 85	10 15		1 7 8
Aug. 30	5. 30 p. m				do	150	720 270	80	(£)	7
Aug. 80	6.80 p. m			<b></b> -	do	150 150	270 260	80 40	(*)	11 6
Aug. 80	8.00 p. m				do	150	130	20	(*)	5
Aug. 30	8.45 p. m				do	150	90 90	10	(*) (*)	•••••
Aug. 80 Aug. 31	9.45 p. m				do	150 150	18	10	( <del>1</del> )	1
Aug. 81	11. 00 p. m 11. 45 p. m 5. 30 p. m 6. 80 p. m 7. 15 p. m 8. 00 p. m 4. 45 p. m 9. 45 p. m 4. 45 a. m 5. 45 a. m				do	150	70	10	ψ	1 2 2 4
Aug. 81	0.45 a. m				do	150 150	72 12	8 8	£	4
Aug. 31	7.00 a. m				do	150	14	6	ďί	
Aug. 81	8.15 a. m 8.45 a. m	65 70		N. N.		150 150	13 10	2 2	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	2
Aug. 31	10. 15 a. m.	75		N.	do	150	52	5	(‡)	5 4
Aug. 31	5. 30 p. m	70 60	56 55		do	150 150	374 10	22	<u> </u>	
Aug. 31	8. 00 m. m .	60	53	Calm. N.	do	150	125	25	8	4
Aug. 81	8. 45 p. m 9. 45 p. m 5. 00 a. m			Ŋ.	do	150	65	10	(₫)	
Aug. 81 Sept. 1	5.00 a. m			N. N. N. N. N.	do	150 150	50 267	10 33	8	7
Sept. 1	5. 00 a. m 5. 45 a m 6. 80 a. m			Ñ.	do	150	185	15	∰	7 7 8 1 7 4 9 12 7 4 6 7 7
Sebr. i	6,80 a. m		• • • • • •	N.	do	150 150	54 28	6 2	- 8	1
Sept. 1	5. 30 p. m			Calm.	do	150	267	33	₩	7
Sept. 1	6.00 p. m			Calm.	do	150 150	230 283	10 17	#	9
Sept. 1 Sept. 1 Sept. 1	7.00 p. m.		· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Calm. Calm.	do	150	884	16	₩	12
Sept. 1	6. 45 a m 6. 30 a.m 5. 30 p.m 6. 00 p.m 6. 30 p.m 6. 30 p.m 6. 30 p.m 9. 50 p.m 4. 45 a.m 5. 30 a.m			Calm.		150	266	9	∰.	4
Sept. 1 Sept. 1	9.50 p. m		• • • • • •	Calm.	do	150 150	144 39	6 9	8	6
Sept. 2	4. 45 a. m			N.	do	150	270	80	∰.	7
Sept. 2	5.30 a. m	· · ¹	'	N.	do	150	230	20	(‡)	•

<sup>\*</sup>A few ripe males.

†Ripe males more numerous.

†Not counted, but usually much more numerous than the females.

TABLE II.—Record of salmon-seining operations, &c.—Continued

	<u>.</u>		Ten	pera-	o of	n of	hauled igth).	Fish	taken	. Rip	e fish,
-	Date.	Hour.	Air.	Water.	Direction wind.	Condition o	Seine ha	Males.	Femples.	Males.	Females.
Sept. Sept. Sept. Sept.	2 2 2	6.00 a.m 6.30 a.m 7.30 a.m 9.00 a.m	0	0	N. N. N.	Cleardododo	Feet. 150 150 150 150	225 230 85 275	25 20 15 26	3333	67
Sept. Sept. Sept. Sept. Sept. Sept.	2	6. 00 a. m. 6. 30 a. m. 9. 00 a. m. 6. 15 p. m. 6. 15 p. m. 7. 30 p. m. 8. 15 p. m. 7. 30 p. m. 8. 15 p. m. 9. 10 p. m. 8. 45 p. m. 9. 15 p. m. 9. 15 p. m. 8. 45 p. m. 9. 15 p. m. 8. 45 p. m. 9. 15 p. m. 8. 30 a. m. 8. 30 a. m. 8. 00 a. m. 9. 35 a. m. 9. 35 a. m. 9. 50 a. m. 6. 30 p. m. 6. 30 p. m. 6. 30 p. m. 7. 30 p. m. 7. 30 p. m. 7. 30 p. m. 9. 15 p. m. 7. 30 p. m. 9. 15 p. m. 7. 30 p. m. 9. 30 a. m.			NN. NOCCCCCCCNNN.		150 150 150 150 150 150	139 110 116 244 183 112	11 18 7 81 17	3333333	8 4 2 2 3 1 1 1 5 3 1 1 1 2 2 4 4 8
Sept. Sept. Sept. Sept. Sept.	2 3 8 8	9. 15 p. m. 4. 45 a. m. 5. 20 a. m. 6. 45 a. m.			O. N. N.	do	150 150 150 150 150 150	90 185 850 180 180	10 15 50 20 20	(*) (*) (*)	3 1 5 21 6
Sept. Sept. Sept. Sept. Sept.	8 8 8	8.00 a. m 9.35 a. m 9.50 a. m 5.30 p. m 6.00 p. m			N. Calm. Calm. Calm. Calm.	do	150 150 150 150 150 150	178 264 48 53 12	20 25 5 7 8 5	35555	7 11 2 4 8
Sept. Sept. Sept. Sept. Sept.	8 8 8 8 8 4 4	7. 00 p. m. 7. 30 p. m. 8. 00 p. m. 9. 15 p. m.			Calm. Calm. Calm. Calm. Calm.	do .	150 150 150 150 150	20 20 210 180 123 100	10 40 25 20 8	(*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*)	4 9 5 7 2 12 7 7 7 2 8 11 11 12 17 5 5
Sept. Sept. Sept. Sept. Sept. Sept.	4	5. 20 s. m 6. 00 s. m 6. 80 s. m 7. 00 s. m 9. 80 s. m 5. 45 p. m			Calm. Calm. Calm. Calm.	dododododododododododododo	150 150 150 150 150	163 123 166 11 19	37 27 32 7 8	3333	12 7 7 2 3
Sept. Sept. Sept. Sept. Sept.	4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	6. 45 p. m 6. 15 p. m 7. 00 p. m 8. 45 p. m 9. 15 p. m 4. 45 a. m	78 69 68 65 64 52	58 58 58 58 58	00000	do .	150 150 150 150	180 850 850 170 230	20 50 50 25 15		11 12 17 5 5
Sept. Sept. Sept.	5 5 5 5	5. 10 s. m 5. 85 s. m 7. 00 s. m 7. 15 s. m 9. 45 s. m 10. 10 s. m	52 52 52 57 87	52 52 52 52 52 52 55	ocicio:	do	150 150 150 150 150 150	175 107 122 258 200 20	20 80 85 42 50	3333	13 19 17 19
Sept. Sept. Sept. Sept. Sept.	5	6.00 p. m	87 88 80 78 69	55 58 58 57 57	N. N. N. N.	do .	150 150 150 150 150	180 950 175	20 50 25 3 50	<del>33333</del>	1 11 5 1 19
Sept. Sept. Sept. Sept. Sept. Sept.	5	7. 00 p. m 9. 00 p. m 9. 80 p. m 4. 45 a. m 5. 10 a. m 5. 30 a. m	68 67 52 52 50	56 56 56	N. N. N.	do .	150 150 150 150 150	229 222 181 181 86 96	25 8 44 14 52	333333	8 4 14 4 12
Sept. Sept. Sept. Sept. Sept.	6 6 6	6. 30 a. m 7. 00 a. m 9. 00 a. m 10. 00 a. m 5. 45 p. m .	51 61 74 77 78 66	54 58 60 67	N.C.C.	do .	150 150 150 150 150 150	84 180 76 95 630 430	10 25 80 70 70		1 10 10 12 88
Sept. Sept. Sept. Sept. Sept.	6	6. 80 p. m	64 62 55 53	56 56 52 52 54	B TROCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCC	dodododo	150 150 150 150 150 150	818 293 360 200 215	82 7 40 40 85	**************************************	20 21 5 12 16
Sept. Sept. Sept. Sept. Sept.	7 7 7 7 7	6. 15 a. m 7. 45 a. m 9. 85 a. m 10. 15 a. m 5. 40 p. m	58 54 81 85 76	54 54 55 55 56 58	N. N. N.	do	150 150 150 150 150	175 150 133 117 867	25 50 17 28 88	33336	10 21 8 11 18
ept. ept. ept. ept. ept. ept.	7 7 7 7	6. 00 p. m 6. 80 p. m 7. 80 p. m 8. 00 p. m 9. 00 p. m	65 65 64 64 62	58 58 58 58 58	0. 0. 0.	dodododododododododododododododo	150 150 150 150 150	250 260 260 175 180	50 40 40 25 20	33333	19 15 12 6 7

<sup>\*</sup>Not counted but usually much more numerous than the females. †Not counted, but numerous.

Table II. - Record of salmon-seining operations-Continued.

		ture	pera- of—	Jo t	Jo t	hanled igth).	Fish t	aken.	Ripe	fish.
Date.	Hour.	Air.	Water.	Direction wind.	Condition sky.	Seine ba (lengtb	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.
opt. 8	9.35 p. m. 5.55 a. m. 6.25 a. m. 6.25 a. m. 8.50 a. m. 9.10 a. m. 11.05 a. m. 11.00 p. m. 8.10 p. m. 8.10 p. m. 8.10 p. m. 8.30 a. m. 9.45 p. m. 11.00 a. m. 6.15 p. m. 6.10 p. m. 8.20 a. m. 6.20 a. m. 6.45 p. m. 6.45 p. m. 6.45 p. m. 6.40 p. m. 8.40 p. m. 9.10 p. m. 8.40 p. m. 9.10 p. m. 8.40 p. m. 9.10 p. m.	0 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48	58 54 54 54 55 55 66 56 56 56 56 56 56 56 56 56 56	COCOCOCOCOCOCOCONNA COCOCOCOCONNA COCOCOCOCOCOCOCOCOCOCOCOCOCOCOCOCOCOCO	Clear	Feet. 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150	175 265 180 88 80 100 128 130 110 1250 220 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125	28 35 20 12 20 15 12 20 15 12 20 15 12 20 15 12 20 15 12 20 15 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	33333553333333333333333333333333333333	

TABLE II.—Record of salmon-seining operations, &c.—Continued

		Tempera- ture of—		Jo C	Jo .	hanled gtb).	Fish taken.		Ripe fish.	
Date.	Hour.	Air.	Water.	Direction wind.	Condition eky.	Seine ha	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.
Sept. 14	6.50 a. m 8.25 a. m 8.45 a. m 10.20 a. m 9.00 a. m 5.30 p. m 9.15 p. m 9.30 a. m 2.15 p. m	52 74 76 80 68 80 69 68	52 52 52 54 54 56 52 52 54	N. C. C. N. C. C. N. E. N. E.	Clear	Feet. 150 160 150 150 150 150 150 150	185 270 265 142 825 350 425 860 420	15 80 85 8 175 50 75 140 80	333333333	12 26 27 5 167 40 68 85

\* Almost all ripe.

Ecos Obtained.—As the eggs are not taken from the spawning salmon as they are caught in the seine, but as all the ripe sish of the whole day's catch are put together and the eggs taken from the whole the next day, it is not known how many eggs are obtained from each separate haul of the seine.

Table III.—Table showing the daily number of salmon eggs taken at the United States salmon-hatching station on the McCloud River, California, during the season of 1880.

Date.	No. of eggs.	No. of females spawned.	Date.	No. of eggs.	No of females spawned.
August 31 August 1 August 2 August 8 August 4	158, 600 286, 800 192, 600 858, 800 856, 400	88 70 58 98 89	August 11	270, 000 570, 000 519, 000 403, 200	84 171 167 126
August 5. August 6. August 7. August 8. August 9. August 10.	420, 000 532, 200 408, 800 513, 600 386, 400 540, 000	107 187 117 141 115	August 16. August 17. August 18. August 19. Total	201, 000 909, 600 286, 800 7, 896, 800	92 291 89 2, 164

Table IV.—Table of distribution of salmon-eggs from the United States salmon-breeding station, McCloud River, California, during the season of 1880.

-					
State.	Commissioner.	No. asked.	No. азвідпеd.	No. forwarded.	Destination.
Illinois Kansas Kansas Maryland Maryland Missouri Missouri Missouri Minnesots Nebraska New York	R. O. Sweeny R. R. Livingston James Amion, jr	200, 000 100, 000 800, 000 200, 000 5, 000 200, 000 750, 000	100, 000 100, 000 200, 000 250, 000 200, 000 10, 000 200, 000 400, 000	100, 000 100, 000 200, 000 200, 000 200, 000 10, 000 200, 000 400, 000	Geneva Lake, Wis. D. B. Long, Ellsworth, Kans. Oakland, Md., Garret County. Druid Hill Park, Baltimore, Md. Silas Woodson, Saint Joseph, Mo. J. E. Humes, Versailles, Morgan County, Mo. R. O. Sweeny, Saint Paul. "Nebraska Fish Commission," South Bend, Cass County, Nebr. Mrs. J. H. Slack, Bloomsbury, N. J.
New Jersey North Carolina South Carolina	E. J. Anderson S. G. Wortle A. P. Butler	800, 000 200, 000 200, 000	800, 000 200, 000 200, 000	800, 000 200, 000 200, 000	James Annin, jr., Caledonia, N. Y. S. G. Worth, Morgantown, N. C. Do.

TABLE IV.—Table of distribution of salmon-eggs, &c.—Continued.

State.	Commissioner.	No. asked.	No. assigned.	No. forwarded.	Destination.
West Virginia.	H. B. Miller	150,000	150,000	150, 000	C. S. White, Romney, W. Va., care
	S. Wilmot R. Wattel	50, 000 100, 000		50, 000 100, 000	agent, Green Spring Run.  S. Wilmot, Newcastle, Ont. Fred Mather, for Societé d'Accli-
Germany	Von Behr	800,000	800,000	800, 000	mation, Paris. Fred Mather, for Deutsche Fischerei-Verein, Berlin.
Germany	F. Busse	50, 000	50,000	50, 000	Fred Mather, hatching ponds, Bremen.
Germany	Carl Schuster	20, 000	80,000	30, 000	Fred Mather, hatching ponds.
	Von Pestel	100, 000	100, 000	100, 000	Freiburg. Fred Mather, Government of the Netherland, sin charge of Zoolog-
Holland	C. J. Bottemann	100, 000	100,000	100, 000	ical Society of Amsterdam. Fred Mather, hatching ponds,
υ. s			810, 000	810,000	Bergen-op-zoom. William P. Sauerhoff, for Upper Potomac River.
			8, 800, 000	8, 800, 000	

TABLE V.-- Disposition of California salmon reared from eggs collected in 1878.

States.	Where finally hatched.	Waters stocked.	Tributaries in which fish were placed.	Locality.	Date of trans- fer.	Number of fish.
Celifornia	United States hatchery	Sacramento River	McCloud and Little Saora- mento Rivers.	McCloud and Sacramento, Cal	Nov. —, 1878	2, 000, 000
Illinois	Goneva Lake hatching house	Fox River	Geneva Lake	Geneva, Wis	Nov, 1879	200,000
11411018	do	For River	Crystal Lake	Crystal Lake, Ill	Nov - 1879	20,000
	do	Illinois River	Rock River	Rockford, Ill	Nov - 1979	50,000
	do	Illinois River	Por Diran	Cacy, Ill	Nov - 1970	20,000
OW8	Anamosa, Iowa	Missouri River	Cione Direct		Jan 97 1970	4,000
0wa	do	Mississippi River		************************************	Ton 21 1970	10,000
	do	Mississippi River		******************************		10,000
	do	Mississippi River		************************************		10,000
	do	Mississippi aiver	Tomas's Lake	********************************	Ton 21 1970	7,000
		Mississ ppi River Mississippi River	Town Discs	**************************************	Ton 21 1070	7,000
	do	Mississippi Diver	The Mainer Diser	***************************************	Eak 10 1070	10,000
	do	Mississippi River	Des Momes Kiver	***************************************	Teb. 12, 1019	10,000
	do	Misaissippi River	Last Coon Myer	***************************************	Teb. 12, 1019	
	do	Missussippi River	Middle Kiver	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	100. 12,100	10,000
	do	Mississippi River		***************************************		20,000
	go	Mississippi River	Maple Kiver	*******************************	Feb. 12, 1879	10,000
	do	Mississippi River	Maguoketa River	************************	Feb. 20, 1879	10,000
	do	Mississippi River	Turkey River		Mar. 20, 1879	3,000
	do	Mississippi River	Liaborn River		Mar. 24, 1879	4;000
	do	Mississippi River	- Wapsee River		Mar. 10, 1879	10,000
	do	Mississippi River	. Big Rock River		Mar. 17, 1879	3,000
	do	Mississippi River	Boone River		Mar. 22, 1879	10,000
•	do	Mississippi River	. Upper Des Moines River	*******************************	Mar. 22, 1879	10,000
	do	Missouri River	Plymonth River		Mar. 22, 1879	15,000
	do	Mississippi Liver	Cedar River		Mar. 28, 1879	5,000
	do	Mississippi River	East Skunk River		April 1, 1879	2,500
	do	Mississippi River	West Skink River		April 1, 1879	2,500
	do	Mississippi River	Malthy Kellogg		May 14, 1879	2,500
	do	Mississippi River	Streams along C. B. & O. R. R.		May 19, 1879	12,000
	do	Mississippi River	Independence River		May 20, 1879	4,000
,	do	Missa sippi River	Volga River	,,	May 20, 1879	5,000
	do	Mississippi River	Turkey River		May 20, 1879	
	do	Mississippi River	Coder River		May 30, 1879	
	do	Mississippi River				
Cansos	Cedar Rapids, Iows	Missouri River	Stronger River	Stranger, Kans	May -, 1879	
	dodo	Missouri River	Verdigris River	Independence, Kans	May -, 1879	
		Missouri River	Delaware River	Delaware, Kans	May - 1879	
	do	T. HONOURI MIVET	Red Vermillion River	Centralia, Kana	May -, 1879	
	do			Wetmore, Kans	May -, 1079	
	do	Kansas River	. Spring Creek	Washington Von	May -, 1019	
	do	.  DIG 13100 KIVET	.  MIII Creek	Washington, KansFrankford, Kans	May -, 1879   May -, 1879	

TABLE V.—Disposition of California salmon reared from eggs collected in 1878—Continued.

Date.	Where finally hatched.	Where stocked.	Tributaries in which fleh were placed.	Locality.	Date of trans- fer.	Number of fish.
Kansas	Cedar Rapida, Iowa	Kansas River	Clear Creek	Barrett, Kans	May, 1879	1.00
	do	Kansus River	Big Blue River	Blue Rapids, Kans	May - 1879	5,00
	do	Big Blue River	Little Blue River	Waterville, Kans	May - 1879	2,0
	do	Kansas River.	Republican River	Concordia, Kans	May - 1879	5.0
	do	Kansus River	Solomon River	Beloit, Kapa	May - 1879	5,0
	do	Kansas River		Topeka, Kane	May -, 1879	1,0
	do	Kansas River		Silver Lake, Kans	May -, 1879	1,0
	do	Kansas River	Vermillion River	Wamego, Kans		2,5
	do	Kansas River	Big Blue River	Manhattao, Kans		5,0
	do	Kansas River	Republican River	Junction City, Kans	May -, 1879	3,0
	do	Kansas River	. Chapman's Creek	Chapman's Creek, Kans	May -, 1879	2,0
	do	Kansas River	. Solomon River	Solomon City, Kans	May - 1879	2,0
	do	Smoky Hill River		Saline, Kans	May - 1879	3,0
	do	Smoky Hill River	Spring Creek,	Brookville, Kans	May - 1879	1,0
	do	Kansas River	Smoky Hill River	Edsworth, Kans	May - 1879	5,8
	do	Smoky Hill River		Hayes City, Kans	May - 1879	5,0
	do,	Smoky Hill River	. Big Creek	Ellis, Kans	May - 1879	5,0
	do	Kansas River	Wakasa River	Ottawa, Kans (!)	May - 1879	2,0
	do	Missouri River		Redding, Kans	May - 1879	2
	do	Arkansas River	Neusho River	Emporia, Kans	May -, 1879	5,0
•	do	Neosho River	Cottonwood River	Florence, Kans	May - 1379	2,0
	do	Arkansas River		Eldorado, Kans	May -, 1879	8,0
	do	Arkansas River.	Little Arkansas River	Haletead, Kans	May -, 1879	2,
	do	Little Arkansas River	. Lake Inman	McPherson, Kans	May -, 1879	2,0
	do	Arkansas River	. Cow Creek	Hutchinson, Kans	May - 1879	3,0
	do	Arkansas River	. Walnut River	Great Bend, Kans	May - 1879	3,0
	do	Arkansas River	. Pawnee Creek'	Larned, Kaps	May -, 1879	5,0
laine	Pembroke batching-house	Saint Croix River		Keen's Lake, Me	Feb. 6, 1870	9,70
	do	Bay of Fundy	Penmaquan River	Pembroke, Me	Feb. 13, 1879	13,0
laryland	Druid Hill hatching-house	Bush River	Winter's Run	Wilna, Md		4,0
•	do,	Chesapeake Bay		Savage Station, Md	Feb. 1, 1879	10,0
	do	Chesapeake Bay	. Chesstr River	Millington, Md	Feb. 13, 1870	12,1
	do	Chesapeake Bay	. Choptank River	Henderson, Md	Feb. 21, 1879	8.0
	do			*******************	Feb. 24, 1879	7,0
	do	Tangier Sound	Black Water	Cambridge, Md	Feb. 26, 1879	3,1
	do	Transguaking River	. Chickacomico		Feb 26, 1879	3,1
	do	Tangier Sound	Transgnaking River	Airey's Station	Feb. 26, 1879	3,0
	do	Chesapeake Bay	. Patapeco and Patuxent Rivers	Hood's Mill and Airey, Md	Feb. 28, 1879	12,
	do				June 6, 1879	7
lichigan		Lake Michigan		Berrien County, Mich	Jan. 8, 1879	25,0
•		Dowagiao River		Cass County, Mich	Jan. 9.1870	10,0
		Dowagiac River	Peceanic River	Cass County, Mich	Ton 10 1970	5,

•	l	Pine Lake	. Downgiac River	Yan Buren County, Mich	Jan. 10, 1879	10,000	_
		. Saint Joseph River	Walron Creek	Saint Joseph County, Mich	Jan. 23, 1879	10,000	[]
		Saint Joseph River	Fate's Creek	Saint Joseph County, Mich	Jan. 23, 1879	10,000	Ü
			Grand River	Jackson, Mich	Jan. 30, 1879	30,000	ني
מז	*************************	Lake Michigan	Manistee River		Feb. 6, 1879	25,000	,
,		Lake Erie	Raisin River		Feb. 13, 1879	30,000	
H		Saginaw River	Casa River	Tuscola County, Mich	Feb. 13, 1879	30,000	Ø.
<u>B</u>		White River	Round Lake		Apr. 18, 1879	500	₽.
Mis.		White River	Crystal Lake	Oceana County, Mich	Apr. 18, 1879	500	Ε.
		******************************	Private Ponds	Romeo, Mich	July 12, 1879	220	3
Minnesota	Red Wing, Minn	Mississippi River	Lakes	Goodbue County, Minn.	July -, 1879	5,000	0
9	dodo	Saint Croix River	Silver Lake		July -, 1879	1,000	SALMON-HATCHING
	do	Mississippi River	Mary's Creek	Mower County, Minn	July -, 1879	1,000	1
	do	Minnesota River	Cedar Lake	Watonwan County, Minn	July -, 1879	1,000	Д
l.	do	Minnesota River	Chain Lake	Watonwan County, Minn	July -, 1879	1,000	>
. 39	do .	Minnesota River	Lake Alley		July -, 1079	2,000	Ĥ,
•	do	Minnesota River	Lake Prescott			2,000	Ω
	do	Blue Earth River	Chain Lake		July -, 1879		Д
	do		Lake Letook	Lacens County, Millian	July, 1879	5,000	Ħ
	do	Missouri River	Lake Takota	Leseur County, Minn	July -, 1879	2,500	4
		Minnesota River	Lake Elyaian	Lesenr County, Minn	July -, 1879	2,500	Ψ
	do		Lakes cu) aiaii	Waseca County, Minn	July, 1879	5,000	70
	do		Lakes.	Douglas County, Minn	July -, 1879	8,000	STATION
	do	Saint Croix River	Lake Elmo.		July, 1879	a,000	•
	do	CONTINUE OF THE PERSON OF THE	Lake Koronis	Washington County, Minn	July -, 1879	2,000	Ή
	do	Pomme de Terre River	Lake Foss	Otenes Oranda Min-	July -, 1879	3,000	Ħ
Missouri	California	Mississippi River	Merameo River	Stevens County, Minn	July -, 1879	2,000	9
m1000m1	do	Arkansas River	Meramee Miver	Franklin, Mo.	Dec, 1878	75,000	` <b>Z</b>
Nevada	McCloud River station	Bear River	Spring River	Carthage, Mo	Dec, 1878	75,000	_
2101000	do	Carson River	Truckee River	Reno, Nev	Mar, 1879	190,000	O Z
New Hampshire	Plymouth, N. H	Merrimac River	Pemigewasset River	Carson City, Nev	Mar, 1879	10,000	Z
non mambanna	do		Newschewaunock Lake	Campton and Plymouth, N. H		317,000	ш
	do	Salmon Falls	Tri Echo Lake	Wakefield, N. II Milton, N. H	Mar. 14, 1879	5,000	MCLOUD
	do	Salmon Falls	Lorewell's Pond	Wakefield, N. H.	Mar, 1879	5,000	ດັ່
	do	Salmon Falls	Cook's Pond:	Decelell, N. D	Mar, 1879	5,000	Ĥ
	do	Lake Winnepiseogee	Smith's Pond	Brookfield, N. H. Wolfeborough, N. H.	Mar, 1879	5,000	Ò
	do	Merrimac River	Controccook	Wolleborough, N. A. W. T.	Mar, 1879	10,000	č
New Jersey	Bloomsbury, N. J	Delaware River	Shumaker's Eddy	Hillsborough Bridge, N. H 80 miles north of Trenton	Mar, 1879	20,000	8
71011 0 GIBC 3	do	Great Egg Harbor	Great Egg Harbor River	Atlantic County, N. J	Mar, 1879	156, 200	•
,	do	Delaware River	Alloway's Creek	Colom County, N. J	Mar, 1879	50,000	Ħ
	do	Delaware River	Maurice River	Salem County, N. J. Cumberland County, N. J.	Mar, 1879	25,000	RIVER,
	do	Delaware River	Racoon Creek	Clamacitand County, N. J	Mar, 1879	25,000	4
	do	Casat Day	Mullica River	Gloncester County, N. J	Mar, 1879	25,000	Ħ
	do	Great Bay	North Branch	Comment County, N. J.	Mar, 1879	25,000	਼ਸ਼
	do	Passaic River	Rockaway River	Somerset County, N. J	Mar, 1879	30,000	•
	dodo	Hackensack River	Hackensack River	Bergen County, N. J	Mar, 1879	30,000	0
	do	Laka Hanataan			Mar 1879	30,000	CAL.
	do		Lake Hopatcong	Morris County, N. J	Mar, 1879	5,000	H
	do	Silver Lake	Cilean Lake	***************************************	Mar, 1879	5,000	;
	do		OHVER DAKE	Dannia Camelo N. T	Mar, 1879	3,000	_
	do	*******	Creenwood Lake	Passaic County, N. J.	Mar, 1879	22,000	6
			OWAR(8WOOD LAKE	Sussex County, N. J	Mar, 1879	10,000	Ö
	do	Yerona Lake	veropa 1886	****** ********************************	Mar, 1879	3,000	9

 ${\it TABLE} \ V.-{\it Disposition} \ of \ {\it California} \ {\it salmon} \ {\it reared} \ {\it from eggs} \ {\it collected} \ in \ 1878-Continued.$ 

Date.	Where finally hatched.	Watera stocked.	Tributaries in which fish were placed.	Locality.	Date of trans- fer.	Number of fish.
New York	Bloomsbury, N. J.  Caledonia, N. Y. do	Pee-Dee River	Doe River Broad River Town Fork River Yadkin River Yadkin River North Pacolet River Green River Bull Run Creek	Monroe County, N. Y  Livingston County, N. Y  Ontario County, N. Y  Caynga County, N. Y  Livingston County, N. Y  Livingston County, N. Y  Friendship, N. C  Morgantown, N. C  Bandbury, N. C  Diabury, N. C  Hickory-nut Gan, N. C.  Germanton, N. C.	Mar. —, 1878 Dec. 5, 1878 Dec. 5, 1878 Dec. 31, 1879 Jan. 15, 1879 Mar. 11, 1879 Mar. 11, 1879 Jan. 10, 1879 Jan. 13, 1879 Jan. 14, 1879 Jan. 15, 1879 Jan. 18, 1879 Dec. 16, 1878 Dec. 20, 1878 Dec. 27, 1878 Dec. 31, 1878	
Canada	Newcastle hatcherydodo	Lake Ontario	Wilmots Creek Songeen's River River Trent	Province of Ontario		1,000 500 200

## APPENDIX TO SALMON-HATCHING REPORT, 1880.

NEWCASTLE, March 4, 1880.

LIVINGSTON STONE, Esq.,

Deputy Commissioner United States Fisheries:

MY DEAR MR. STONE: In addition to the information asked in your note and blank form, sent to be filled up in regard to the California eggs, I beg to send you the following statement, in detail, so that you may draw your own conclusions from it:

In October, 1874, first lot of 20,000 eggs received; May, 1875, turned out as fry.

In October, 1875, second lot of 80,000 eggs received; April, 1876, turned out as fry.

In October, 1876, a small California salmon, about 15 inches long, came up the stream and into the house, full of milt.

In October, 1876, third lot of 8,000 eggs were received; in April, 1877, turned out as fry.

In July, 1877, a beautiful 5-pound California salmon was taken in my nets along with our salmon in Lake Ontario, and during my absence two other smaller ones were taken in like manner.

In October, 1877, three California salmon came up the stream into our reception house, all males; the largest one was 23 inches long, very 8lim, and very dirty looking.

In October, 1877, fourth lot of 40,000 eggs were received; April, 1878, put out as fry.

In July, 1878, J. J. Robson, esq., had charge of the nets in my absence, and he reported a California salmon of 15 pounds being taken in the nets; also two or three small ones.

In October, 1878, fifth lot of 500,000 eggs received; all turned bad but 2,000.

In April, 1879, put out 1,700 fry.

The above is the history of the California eggs got by me from Professor Baird. The salmon taken in July, 1877, of 5 pounds' weight, was as beautiful, fat, and finely-developed a fish as I ever saw of the salmon family. I skinned and mounted the fish, and have him now in my possession. This fish must have come from the first lot of eggs got by me in the fall of 1874 and turned out as fry in April, 1875; therefore it was only two years and three months old from the hatching out from the egg, or rather from the time of turning out as fry, as the eggs hatched out during the winter were retained in the hatching-troughs till April.

[15] 611 Now, what has become of all the rest of these fry I cannot tell, perhaps you can; if you can't, Seth Green surely can tell all about them. One thing is certain, they have not peopled Lake Ontario in the countless myriads that Seth's shad did the next season after they were turned out as fry.

I must confess that I am quite upset on this question of where these fry go to. I have never seen a "parr" or a "smolt" of these Californians yet in this stream, but I have raised large numbers of them to those stages of their growth in spring-water tanks and put them out, but have never seen any afterwards, except the ones described as above, which were, I should say, in the grilse stage (except the first one) in October, 1876 (I did not see the one reported by Mr. Robson of 15 pounds' weight, in July, 1878, and cannot, therefore, say anything about it, only simply expressing a doubt of its being a "Simon pure" Californian). But, then, here comes in the rub, if any "five pounder" (a thoroughbred one, too) attained that size and weight in twentyseven months, why havn't some others done the same thing? and if they have, where are they? I believe in perseverance upon the principle that "Faint heart never won fair lady," but then there are lots of people the antipodes to myself who say "Hope deferred maketh the heart sick," and do not believe in "Hope on, hope ever."

I should like very much, indeed, to have a long confab with the Professor and yourself about these truant fish. My own private opinion (but never expressed before) is, that these California fry will not stand as high a temperature of water as our own; this, I think, will be somewhat verified in your own reports of the temperature of the McCloud River, which in July, August, and September averaged about 57%, 550, 520. This is colder by some 15 to 200 at these periods than our streams in Ontario. On a trip I made last July up our most famous salmon river, the Restigouche, I found the temperature thus: 60° some 80° miles up from tideway and 52° 130 miles up. I don't know how far your works are up from tide-water on the McCloud, but I should infer they are not that distance; if not, the McCloud water must be very much colder than any of our Atlantic rivers. In fact, looking at your record of temperature and comparing with some of ours, the McCloud is many degrees colder than any of our New Brunswick or Nova Scotia rivers, and far, far colder than any of our Ontario streams. Therefore, by this comparison the California salmon are natives of colder waters than ours, and consequently it is much less suitable to their growth than for our own salmon. Farther observation on my part will go to prove this still more, that whilst I have raised plenty of California parrs and even smolts in spring water at 40° to 50° and 55°, where they thrive very well, I have never yet seen a single one in my creek from the thousands I had put into it as fry. Again, I have taken some of the parrs and smolts from the spring-water tanks and put them into a small pond

with a flow of the creek water through it, and shortly afterwards they got covered with small black specks, as if dotted all over with ink.

The spots or specks protruded a little, and the fish in handling felt like a rasp, and soon died, in a lean, lank condition; some were put back again in the "spotted" state to the spring water of 500, and after awhile recovered. This occurred with our own salmon, parrs and smolts also, but not to such an extent as with the Californians. I am therefore almost constrained to say that the Californians must be natives of colder waters than our own salmon. I notice that the "sun heat" at your works is at times almost beyond endurance, running up to 1000 or 1250, far beyond what it is with us. That, however, has nothing to do with my present statement, viz, that your recorded temperature of water where you gather your eggs is infinitely colder than any of our river waters at that period of the year. I therefore fear very much that the Pacific salmon don't thrive in our Ontario waters (though there may be exceptions, like my "five-pounder"), and I should judge that the waters in most of your States is not unlike Ours; and I almost go further in giving it as my belief that even the Atlantic and the Wilmot salmon must give way to the increased tem-Perature of our Ontario streams and their consequent impurities, which is growing upon us annually from the clearing off the forests, which reduces the volume of water in the creeks and rivers and gives them greater exposure to the influences of the sun's rays.

May I ask you this question: Do the salmon of their own accord spawn in the river as low down as where your works are situated on the McCloud River? or, if they do, is it not because they are prevented from going farther up stream on account of your weir across it?

You must excuse this literally long scrawl, for it is written in the most hurried and impromptu manner just on the eve of my going away for a few days from home. When I sat down to write you about the blank returns sent me I did not dream of entering into the subject of this California question, but when started I could not well knock off, and so have extended it perhaps beyond decorum. The subject is a very large one, and I should, as before stated, like much to have a few hours' talk with you, who are so well acquainted with this Pacific fish.

Believe me to be yours, respectfully,

SAM'L WILMOT.

